

## **GUNDERSEN** Rotator Cuff Repair Rehabilitation Program Large-Massive (>5cm) **Compromised Tissue Quality**

The GLSM Rotator Cutt Repair Rehabilitation Program is an evidence-based and soft tissue healing dependent program which allows patients to progress to vocational and sports-related activities as quickly and safely as possible. This program is outlined for a double row suture bridge supraspinatus repair performed either mini-open (splitting of the deltoid muscle fibers) or arthroscopically. Individual variations will occur depending on surgical details and patient response to treatment. Double row fixation has been shown to better restore the normal rotator cuff footprint, maximize tendon-bone contact, and minimize gapping with early ROM (Kim et al, AJSM, 2006).

For a partial rotator cuff repair with Regeneten augmentation use a modified/accelerated program including: sling: 4 weeks. AROM: start at 4 weeks. Strengthening: start at 8 weeks

For a subscapularis repair: limit extension to neutral 6 wks, ER to neutral for 4 wks, at 4 wks ER >neutral to patient tolerance until 6 wks, gentle stretching for ER at wk 6, no isolated heavy resistance to IR for 12 wks..

For an open repair: limit extension and ER ROM to neutral for 6 wks, no active flexion for 6-8 wks, and no resistance to IR for 6-8 wks secondary to deltoid detachment and reattachment.

Contact us at 1-800-362-9567 ext. 58600 if you have questions.

al, JOSPT, 2009).         General Program Outline         ROM: Emphasis on PROM initially. Add AAROM supine ER at wk 4. Add AAROM elevation at wk 6. Add AROM elevation at wk 8 with emphasis on avoiding shoulder shrug. Goal of full ROM 12-16 wks.         Muscle Activation: Important to prevent reflex disassociation, maintain muscle tone, and prevent muscle atrophy. Initiate with sub-max pain-free isometrics and AROM as outlined in the protocol.         Strengthening: No aggressive strengthening for 12 wks. Goal of 75-80% strength by 5-6 months. Patients should continue with strength training at least 1 year post-op to maximize outcome.		
Emphasis on improving behind the back horizontal adduction and IR.         Factors Influencing Post-op Rehabilitation       Type of repair: Open, mini-open, arthroscopic Size of tear: small-(<1cm) medium (2-4cm) large to massive (5+cm) Location of tear and number of tendons involved Amount of tendon retraction Tissue degeneration/fatty infiltrate Pre-op stiffness Tissue quality: is affected by age, smoking, diabetes, chronicity of tear Surgeon preference Tissue healing: Soft tissue-to-bone healing is a slow and gradual process that requires at least 12 wks of healing to allow adequate pull-out strength of the repair (Ghodadra et al, JOSPT, 2009).         General Program Outline         ROM: Emphasis on PROM initially. Add AAROM supine ER at wk 4. Add AAROM elevation at wk 6. Add AROM elevation at wk 8 with emphasis on avoiding shoulder shrug. Goal of full ROM 12-16 wks.         Muscle Activation: Important to prevent reflex disassociation, maintain muscle tone, and prevent muscle atrophy. Initiate with sub-max pain-free isometrics and AROM as outlined in the protocol.         Strengthening: No aggressive strengthening for 12 wks. Goal of 75-80% strength by 5-6 months. Patients should continue with strength training at least 1 year post-op to maximize outcome.	Pre-Op	stiffness at 6 wks is decreased pre-op IR vertebral level ROM (Trenerry et al, Clin Ortho
Post-op Rehabilitation       Size of tear: small-(<1cm) medium (2-4cm) large to massive (5+cm) Location of tear and number of tendons involved Amount of tendon retraction Tissue degeneration/fatty infiltrate Pre-op stiffness Tissue quality: is affected by age, smoking, diabetes, chronicity of tear Surgeon preference Tissue healing: Soft tissue-to-bone healing is a slow and gradual process that requires at least 12 wks of healing to allow adequate pull-out strength of the repair (Ghodadra et al, JOSPT, 2009).         General Program Outline         ROM: Emphasis on PROM initially. Add AAROM supine ER at wk 4. Add AAROM elevation at wk 6. Add AROM elevation at wk 8 with emphasis on avoiding shoulder shrug. Goal of full ROM 12-16 wks.         Muscle Activation: Important to prevent reflex disassociation, maintain muscle tone, and prevent muscle atrophy. Initiate with sub-max pain-free isometrics and AROM as outlined in the protocol.         Strengthening: No aggressive strengthening for 12 wks. Goal of 75-80% strength by 5-6 months. Patients should continue with strength training at least 1 year post-op to maximize outcome.		
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<ul> <li>at wk 6. Add AROM elevation at wk 8 with emphasis on avoiding shoulder shrug. Goal of full ROM 12-16 wks.</li> <li>Muscle Activation: Important to prevent reflex disassociation, maintain muscle tone, and prevent muscle atrophy. Initiate with sub-max pain-free isometrics and AROM as outlined in the protocol.</li> <li>Strengthening: No aggressive strengthening for 12 wks. Goal of 75-80% strength by 5-6 months. Patients should continue with strength training at least 1 year post-op to maximize outcome.</li> </ul>		General Program Outline
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Updated: 4/2020		Updated: 4/2020

Phase I: 0-6 weeks	(Immediate post-op maximum protected motion phase)					
Goals	<ul> <li>Protect anatomic repair</li> <li>Prevent negative effects of immobilization</li> <li>Gently begin PROM per tolerance except for IR</li> <li>Adequate pain control</li> </ul>					
Sling	<ul> <li>24 hours/day for 6-8 weeks. D/C based on MD approval</li> <li>Remove sling for bathing/dressing and exercises as outlined by PT</li> <li>Try to keep arm relaxed in sling and avoid protective posture to decrease muscle tension in cervical region</li> </ul>					
Precautions	<ul> <li>Keep arm supported when in and out of sling.</li> <li>When laying supine, prop elbow on pillow to keep in line with the shoulder.</li> <li>No behind the back movements (avoid combined ext/add/IR). Try to keep elbow in line with shoulder.</li> <li>Avoid sudden movements or supporting body weight through the hand or elbow.</li> <li>No lifting or carrying of objects on injured side.</li> </ul>					
Recommendations See next page for specific treatments	No shid ARON     Initial emphases     scapular plane	<ul> <li>Initial emphasis on PROM per tolerance except for IR and ext. Start all motion in scapular plane</li> </ul>				
Modalities	Ice 15 minutes		(see below). No pulleys often as needed for pain contro	bl		
PROM	<ul> <li>Gradually progress based on tolerance except no IR or extension for 6 weeks</li> <li>Elevation: start in at least 30 deg of elevation for all motion. Start in scapular plane progressing to abduction (limit of 90 deg) and flexion/scaption as tolerated. Strain on supraspinatus: scaption &lt; abduction &lt; flexion, so start in scaption (Hatakeyama et al, AJSM, 2001)</li> <li>ER / IR: no IR until 4 weeks         <ul> <li>ER: start in scapular plane at least 30 deg (avoid 0 deg). wk 3: progress to 60 deg of abduction, wk 4: progress to 90 deg</li> <li>Strain on supraspinatus with ER: 30 deg scaption &lt; 60 deg &lt; 0-15 deg (Hatakeyama et al, AJSM, 2001)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
		ROM Targets ( in degrees)				
	Flexion / scaption Abduction ER at 0 deg ER in scapular	0-2 wks Per tolerance 45 None 20	2-4 wks Per tolerance (at least 90) 60 None	4-6 wks Per tolerance (0-110) 90 30		
		20	40	60		
	plane ER at 60 ABD ER at 90 ABD IR (GH) in scapular plane	none none none	30 none none	45 30 20		
	plane ER at 60 ABD ER at 90 ABD IR (GH) in scapular	none	30 none	45 30		
AAROM	plane         ER at 60 ABD         ER at 90 ABD         IR (GH) in scapular         plane         IR at 90 ABD         Extension         • See PROM pr         • No pulleys unt         Orthopedics, 1         • Safe exercises         Supine pre         Forward b         Towel slide         Codmans	none         none         none         none         None         Neutral         ogression listed a         il 6 weeks second         1998)         s to perform base         sisted ROM with e         ess-up/protraction         ow         e and/or ball roll t         small and large, p	30         none         none         None         Neutral         above         dary to increased EMG activity.         ad on EMG < 20 MVC:         opposite arm or wand flexion and hands close and hands wide ward	45 30 20 None Neutral . (Dockery et al, . (Dockery et al, md ER with washcloth or wand		

Phase I: 0-6 weeks	(Immediate post-op maximum protected motion phase)
Treatment	Warm up: Passive Pendulum or Hot pack
Interventions	GH Mobilizations grade I/II for pain or muscle spasm
	Thoracic spine P-A mobilizations as needed.
	• Emphasis on GH PROM/AAROM range of motion per guidelines. No IR or extension.
	Start shoulder elevation in at least 30 deg.
	ER positioning: start in scapular plane,
	wk 3: progress to 60 deg scaption/abduction
	wk 4: progress to 80 deg scaption/abduction,
	wk 5: progress to arm by side
	No AROM
	AAROM safe exercises:
	Supine assisted ROM with opposite arm or wand flexion, scaption, and ER Forward bow
	Towel slide and/or ball roll table
	Codman's small and large, progress passive to active
	Supine press-up/protraction hands close and hands wide with washcloth or wand
	<ul> <li>Active scapular retraction, scapular depression in neutral position</li> </ul>
	Postural education: Avoid forward head/rounded shld.
	Scapular PROM in sidelying (if needed). Manual resisted scapular isometrics
	AROM elbow, wrist, hand. Gripping activities without lifting
	Cryotherapy. IFC if indicated

ROM Targets Reference Chart (in degrees)						
	Overall goal is Functional ROM at 10-12 weeks					
	0-2 wks	2-4 wks	4-6 wks	6-8 wks	8-10 wks	10-12 wks
Flexion / scaption	Per tolerance	Per tolerance (at least 90)	Per tolerance (at least 120)	Unlimited (140)	Unlimited (160)	Unlimited (170/180)
Abduction	45	60	90	120	150	170/180
ER at 0 deg	None	None	30	50	65	65+
ER in scapular plane	20	40	60	70	70	70+
ER at 60 ABD	None	30	45	60	70	70+
ER at 90 ABD	None	None	30	50	70	80/90
IR in scapular plane	None	None	20	40	60	60+
IR at 90 ABD	None	None	None	30	40	50+
Extension	Neutral	Neutral	Neutral	45	60	60+

	Rotator Cuff Repair Large/I	Massive Compromised Tissue Quality		
Phase II: 6-8 weeks	(Intermediate moderate prot	ection phase)		
Goals	<ul> <li>Protect anatomic repair</li> <li>Adequate pain control</li> <li>Progress PROM/AAROM per guidelines</li> <li>Progress to shoulder isometrics</li> </ul>			
Sling	D/C per MD approval			
Precautions	<ul> <li>No shoulder AROM for lifting. No lifting or carrying objects on injured side.</li> <li>Avoid prolonged unsupported arm positioning.</li> <li>Avoid sudden movement or supporting body weight through the hand or elbow.</li> <li>Avoid pushing or pulling objects to minimize compression/shear to the shoulder</li> <li>No resisted movement.</li> </ul>			
Recommendations	<ul> <li>Patient can perform ADL's below shoulder height</li> <li>Treatment emphasis on restoring PROM /AAROM based on guidelines provided</li> <li>Gentle movement into extension, gentle movement into IR, but no combined ext/add/IR</li> <li>Add low load long duration stretching if needed</li> <li>Facilitate thoracic extension</li> </ul>			
Modalities		ay, more often as needed for pain control nent/inflammation control		
Aquatics if needed	<ul> <li>Emphasis on ROM with</li> </ul>	th water at shid height		
PROM / AAROM	Continue with PROM with goal of full PROM by wk 12. Progress to gentle PROM IR at 90/90 at wk 7. Add gentle PROM ext at wk 7. Add AAROM for shld elevation with goal of full AAROM by wk12-14. ROM Targets ( in degrees) 6-8 wks Flexion / scaption Per tolerance (140) Abduction 120 ER at 0 deg 50 ER in scapular plane 60 ER at 90 ABD 60 ER at 90 ABD 50 IR (GH) in scapular plane 40 IR at 90 ABD 30 Extension 45			
AROM Treatment Interventions	<ul> <li>IR / ER with arm in sc</li> <li>Warm up: Passive Peter</li> <li>Low-load long duration pack in supine for ER</li> <li>GH Mobilizations grad</li> <li>Thoracic spine P-A meter</li> <li>Facilitate Thoracic extination (ball / 1000)</li> <li>PROM with end range</li> <li>AAROM as outlined all</li> </ul>	exion, scaption, abduction. apular plane through pain-free ROM endulum or Hot pack or AAROM on Nustep n end-range stretch at wk 7 (if necessary) using wand and hot (Davies, Ellenbecker. Biomechanics, 1999). le I/II for pain, III/IV to increase joint mobility obilizations rension: stretch in sitting with/without overpressure towel roll/ foam roller behind back) e stretching as outlined above bove: Pulleys, wand exercises, ball rolling on table		
		and		

	Rotator Cuff Repair	Large/Massive Co	mpromised Tissue Quality	
Phase III: 8-12 wks	(Minimal protection phase with emphasis on normalizing ROM)			
Goals	<ul> <li>Preserve the integrity of the surgical repair</li> <li>Implement AROM for shoulder elevation avoiding shoulder shrug</li> <li>Restore normal ROM with normal movement patterns</li> <li>Decrease pain and inflammation</li> <li>Initiate sub-max and pain-free muscle activation exercises</li> </ul>			
Precautions	<ul> <li>Patient can perform ADL's up to shoulder height.</li> <li>Limit overhead activities.</li> <li>Avoid making sudden movements and lifting heavy objects.</li> <li>No aggressive strengthening activities.</li> <li>Avoid pushing or pulling heavy objects.</li> </ul>			
Recommendations	<ul> <li>Treatment emphasis on restoring PROM / AAROM / AROM</li> <li>Add AROM exercises avoiding compensatory shoulder shrug. Encourage normal movement patterns</li> <li>Add sub-max pain-free shoulder isometrics (GH, RTC)</li> <li>Add sub-max rhythmic stabilizations to encourage co-contraction</li> <li>Continue with thoracic extension exercises</li> <li>Continue with aquatics up to wk 10-12</li> </ul>			
Modalities		1-3x/day, more ofter anagement/inflamma	n as needed for pain control tion control	
Aquatics	<ul> <li>Continue until wk 10-12. Work on increasing ROM with emphasis on normal movement patterns.</li> </ul>			
PROM / AAROM / AROM	<ul> <li>Goal is functional ROM in all planes with normal movement patterns by 12-16 wks</li> <li>Add gentle AAROM ext wk 8.</li> <li>Add in gentle IR stretch behind the back vertebral level at wk 10</li> </ul>			;
	ROM Targets (in degrees)			
		8-10 wks	10-12 wks	
	Flexion / scaption	Unlimited (160)	Unlimited (0-170/180)	
	Abduction ER in scapular	150 70	170/180 70+	
	plane	70	7.0+	
	ER at 60 ABD 70 70+			
	ER at 90 ABD	70	80/90	
	IR (GH) in scapular plane	60	60+	
	IR (GH) at 90 ABD	40	50 +	
	Extension	60	60+	
Muscle Activation	No aggressive	strengthening activit	ies	
Strengthening	<ul> <li>Add in sub-max pain-free shld isometrics for muscle activation. Muscle activation is important to minimize rotator cuff inhibition, maintain muscle tone, and minimize muscle atrophy (Ghodadra et al, JOSPT, 2009).</li> <li>Strengthening will be with the weight of the arm focusing on quality movement and endurance (ie: initially 2-3 sets of 10 progressing to 2-3 sets of 30 reps of full flexion, scaption, abduction, ER. 1x/day, 5 -7 days per week per tolerance).</li> <li>When progressing to shld isotonics in the <b>next phase</b>, the patient must be able to elevate arm without shoulder or scapular hiking. If unable, will need to continue with dynamic rhythmic stabilization GH joint exercises.</li> <li>Add in arm supported bicep / triceps isotonic strengthening wk 8, progress to unsupported at wk 10</li> </ul>			d ion,

Phase III: 8-12 wks Treatment Interventions	<ul> <li>(Minimal protection phase with emphasis on normalizing ROM)</li> <li>Active warm-up: Codman's, UBE with no resistance (add light resistance at wk 9)</li> <li>Low load long duration end-range stretch (if necessary) using wand and hot pack in supine for ER. Utilize for other movements as necessary.</li> <li>GH Mobilizations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Low load long duration end-range stretch (if necessary) using wand and hot pack in supine for ER. Utilize for other movements as necessary.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>PROM with end range stretch</li> <li>Therapeutic exercises: AAROM: Pulleys, wand. Add in extension past neutral wk 7, Add in gentle IR behind the back stretch wk 10</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>AROM: GH: All motions with emphasis on quality movement. Focus on endurance working up to 30 repetitions</li> <li>Scapula: (light resistance of &lt;5 lbs with emphasis on endurance) protraction, retraction (seated progress to prone), rows to neutral, depression</li> <li>*** 4 keys exercises to maximize mid/lower trapezius and inhibit upper trapezius (Cools et al, AJSM, 2007) sidelye ER sidelye flexion prone horizontal abduction with ER prone extension</li> <li>Muscle activation: Sub-max pain-free GH isometrics Supported Biceps / Triceps isotonics, progress to unsupported wk 10</li> <li>Rhythmic stabilization sub-max (to facilitate muscle activation / co-contraction): Wk 8: supine arm supported ER/IR wk 10-12: supine flexion 90 deg, low load CKC (<bw) ball="" ie:="" li="" on="" patient="" standing<="" table="" with=""> </bw)></li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Encourage thoracic extension</li> <li>Ice (in stretch if needed) 15 minutes</li> <li>E Stim (IFC or NMES) if necessary</li> </ul>

	Rotator Cuff Repair Large/Massive Compromised Tissue Quality		
Phase IV: 12+ wks	Regain Functional ROM / Strengthening and Conditioning Phase		
Goals	<ul> <li>Establish and maintain functional ROM, mobility, and stability</li> <li>Progress muscular strength, power, and endurance</li> <li>Initiate higher level activates depending on functional demands and MD approval</li> </ul>		
Precautions	<ul> <li>Patient must be able to elevate arm without shoulder or scapular hiking. If unable, need to continue with dynamic rhythmic stabilization GH exercises.</li> <li>Patients should continue to perform strengthening exercises for up to 1 year post-op to maximize outcome.</li> </ul>		
Recommendations	<ul> <li>Faciliate regaining functional ROM</li> <li>Emphasize regaining strength and endurance with proper movement patterns</li> <li>Continue with proprioceptive / kinesthetic exercises</li> <li>Progress to independent strengthening at wk 20-24</li> <li>Assess posterior capsule for tightness</li> </ul>		
Modalities	Ice 1x/ day and /or after strenuous activities		
ROM	No restrictions. Goal is functional ROM in all planes with normal movement patterns by 12-16 wks      Goals to achieve /not exceed		
Strengthening	<ul> <li>Target scapulothoracic, rotator cuff, glenohumeral, and total arm strengthening and endurance</li> <li>Progress to unilateral scapulothoracic strengthening</li> <li>Strengthening initially with uni-planar movements progressing to multi-planar movements</li> <li>Wk 20: Isokinetic ER/IR power test at 90, 180 deg/sec</li> <li>Wk 20: Progress to overhead strengthening (if needed) if adequate strength scores: MMT 4/5, Isokinetic ER/IR of 75% at 90 and180 deg/sec; ER/IR ratio of 2/3 Isometric strength test (5 sec hold) for shld flexion and scaption of 75% compared to opp extremity. (Measure with hand-held dynamometer. Perform 3 reps and calculate the average)</li> </ul>		

	Rotator Cuff Repair Large/Massive Compromised Tissue Quality
Phase IV: 12+ wks	Regain Functional ROM / Strengthening and Conditioning Phase
Treatment Interventions: (Examples of	<ul> <li>Active warm-up: UBE, rower</li> <li>Continue with ROM activities as necessary</li> <li>Scapulothoracic strengthening: chest press (+), rows in full ROM, press down, scaption</li> </ul>
exercises but not an all-inclusive list)	(Moseley et al AJSM, 1992) prone horizontal abduction in neutral rotation, prone extension with ER, prone horizontal abduction with ER, prone full can, dynamic hug, serratus punch 120 deg, lat pull downs (wk 18)
	<ul> <li>Glenohumeral / rotator cuff strengthening: flexion, scaption, prone horizontal adduction with ER, press down (Townsend et al, AJSM, 1991) sidelying ER, instance IR/ER in secondar plane programs to 00/00 study 18 if peeded</li> </ul>
	isotonic IR/ER in scapular plane progress to 90/90 at wk 18 if needed, isokinetic IR/ER in scapular plane progress to 90/90 wk 20 if needed
	<ul> <li>Total arm strengthening: Triceps extensions, biceps curls</li> <li>PNF patterns at wk 16</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Proprioceptive/Kinesthesia activities: rhythmic stabilization: supine flexion 120 deg standing flexion 90 deg bilateral progress to unilateral</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>body blade</li> <li>CKC exercises: sub-max BW: quadruped (euroglide / cuff link), wall push-ups Progress to full BW (wk 18): partial prone walk-outs, full prone walk-outs</li> <li>Plyometrics: bilateral progress to unilateral</li> </ul>
Isokinetic IR/ER testing	<ul> <li>Cryotherapy, electrical stimulation, and biofeedback, and if necessary</li> <li>Wk 20 (5 months), wk 28 (7 months) and 12 months at 30/30/30 position or 90/90 (if appropriate)</li> </ul>
Return to work/sport	<ul> <li>Based on MD approval, full ROM, minimal pain at rest or with activity, isokinetic power at 90%, isometric hand-held dynamometer testing 90% and/or MMT 5/5, and functional testing at 90% compared to uninvolved side</li> <li>6-8 months: Return to interval throwing program per MD approval</li> </ul>



**Rotator Cuff Repair References** 

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